CHAPTER 2 (0:00–3:54)

1. List some different types of people who may be naturalists.

2. Name three organisms described by Thomas Harriot, the scientist who was part of Sir Walter Raleigh’s 1586 expedition to the New World.

CHAPTER 3 (3:54–5:41)

3. Why did John Lawson take a careful inventory of useful organisms as he traveled across North Carolina and South Carolina in 1701?

4. What was significant about Lawson’s “A New Voyage to Carolina,” published in 1709?

CHAPTER 4 (5:41–12:35)

5. How did William Byrd describe the people who lived on the border of North Carolina and Virginia?

6. Why are the writings of William Bartram better known than those of his father, John Bartram?
7. The North Carolina Collection in the Wilson Library at the University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill has been collecting books, pamphlets and newspapers from around the state since 1844. Why is this important?

CHAPTER 5 (12:35–17:40)

8. Mark Catesby is well known for his paintings of birds, but his real interest was ___________.

9. What was new about how Catesby organized his paintings of wildlife?

CHAPTER 6 (17:40–24:33)

10. Why did the French government send André Michaux to study trees in America?

11. Why did Michaux enjoy visiting the high-elevation mountains of North Carolina?

12. Why do you think the narrator says Oconee bells are “somewhere in the mountains of North Carolina” rather than revealing their exact location?